

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**COSMO SL-660.130****COSMO SL-660.120****COSMO SL-660.121****COSMO SL-660.122****(COSMOFEN PLUS HV)**  
**(COSMOFEN PLUS weiß)**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:**

Adhesive

Sector of use [SU]:

SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

**Uses advised against:**

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet



Weiss Chemie + Technik GmbH &amp; Co. KG, Hansastrasse 2, 35708 Haiger, Germany

Phone: +49(0)2773/815-0, Fax:---

msds@weiss-chemie.de, www.weiss-chemie.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency information services / official advisory body:**

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**Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:**

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (WIC)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)**

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Flam. Liq.	2	H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	3	H335-May cause respiratory irritation.
Carc.	2	H351-Suspected of causing cancer.

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)****Danger**

H225-Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H335-May cause respiratory irritation. H351-Suspected of causing cancer.

P201-Obtain special instructions before use. P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P280-Wear protective gloves / protective clothing and eye protection / face protection. P303+P361+P353-IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313-IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention. P403+P233-Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

EUH019-May form explosive peroxides.

Tetrahydrofuran

#### 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substance

n.a.

#### 3.2 Mixture

Tetrahydrofuran	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119444314-46-XXXX
Index	603-025-00-0
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	203-726-8
CAS	109-99-9
content %	50-70
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Carc. 2, H351

Acetone	Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119471330-49-XXXX
Index	606-001-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	200-662-2
CAS	67-64-1
content %	1-10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!

For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

##### Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.

Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

##### Skin contact

Wipe off residual product carefully with a soft, dry cloth.

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Unsuitable cleaning product:

Solvent

Thinners

##### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

##### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.

Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

If solvent components are inhaled above the air threshold-value:

Irritation of the respiratory tract

Coughing

Headaches

Dizziness

Effects/damages the central nervous system

Coordination disorders

Unconsciousness

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

CO2

Extinguishing powder

Water jet spray

Alcohol resistant foam

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Toxic gases

Explosive vapour/air mixture

Dangerous vapours heavier than air.

In case of spreading near the ground, flashback to distance sources of ignition is possible.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary.

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep non-essential personnel away.

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.



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### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Avoid inhalation of the vapours.

Ensure good ventilation.

If applicable, suction measures at the workstation or on the processing machine necessary.

Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.

Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.

Avoid contact with eyes or skin.

Handle and open container with care.

Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.

Use working methods according to operating instructions.

#### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.

Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.

Store product closed and only in original packing.

Observe special storage conditions.

Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.

Solvent resistant floor

Protect from direct sunlight and warming.

Store cool.

Store in a dry place.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Adhesive

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters



Chemical Name	Tetrahydrofuran		Content %:50-70
WEL-TWA: 50 ppm (150 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	WEL-STEL: 100 ppm (300 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Compur - KITA-102 SA(C) (548 534)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-162 U (550 366)</li><li>- MTA/MA-049/A01 (Determination of tetrahydrofuran in air - Charcoal tube method / Gas chromatography) - 2001 - EU project</li><li>- BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 24-1 (2004)</li><li>- DFG (D) (Tetrahydrofuran), DFG (E) (Tetrahydrofuran) - 1996, 1999</li></ul>		
BMGV: ---	Other information: Sk (WEL)		



Chemical Name	Acetone		Content %:1-10
WEL-TWA: 500 ppm (1210 mg/m3) (WEL, EU)	WEL-STEL: 1500 ppm (3620 mg/m3) (WEL)	---	
Monitoring procedures:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Compur - KITA-102 SA (548 534)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-102 SC (548 550)</li><li>- Compur - KITA-102 SD (551 109)</li><li>- Draeger - Acetone 40/a (5) (81 03 381)</li><li>- Draeger - Acetone 100/b (CH 22 901)</li><li>- MTA/MA-031/A96 (Determination of ketones (acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone) in air - Charcoal tube method / Gas chromatography) - 1996 - EU project</li><li>- BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 67-1 (2004)</li><li>- MDHS 72 (Volatile organic compounds in air – Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, thermal desorption and gas chromatography) - 1993</li></ul>		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		



Chemical Name	Poly vinyl chloride		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 10 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 4 mg/m3 (res. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:	---		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		



Chemical Name	Silica, amorphous		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 6 mg/m3 (total inh. dust), 2,4 mg/m3 (resp. dust)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
Monitoring procedures:	---		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		



WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). (8) = Inhalable fraction (2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.  
\*\* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

### Acetone

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - marine		PNEC	1,06	mg/l	Assessment factor 500
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	10,6	mg/l	Assessment factor 50
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	30,4	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	3,04	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	29,5	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	19,5	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	21	mg/l	Assessment factor 100
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	62	mg/kg bw/day	Overall assessment factor 2
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	62	mg/kg bw/day	Overall assessment factor 20
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	200	mg/m3	Overall assessment factor 5
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	186	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	2420	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1210	mg/m3	

### Tetrahydrofuran

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	4,32	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,432	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	23,3	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	2,33	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	2,13	mg/kg	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	67	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	DNEL	150	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	150	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	15	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	62	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	15	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	75	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, systemic effects	PNEC	300	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	300	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	25	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	150	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	150	mg/m3	

### Silica, amorphous

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	4	mg/m3	

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.

These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.

EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

#### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

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Eye/face protection:

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Solvent resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

With short-term contact:

Safety gloves made of butyl (EN 374)

Minimum layer thickness in mm:

&gt;= 0,70

Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:

&gt;= 10

The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions.

The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Solvent resistant protection clothing (EN 13034)

Respiratory protection:

If OES or MEL is exceeded.

Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown

Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:

Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.

In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.

Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.

Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.

Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.

The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:

Pastelike, Liquid

Colour:

According to specification

Odour:

Characteristic

Odour threshold:

Not determined

pH-value:

n.a.

Melting point/freezing point:

Not determined

Initial boiling point and boiling range:

Not determined

Flash point:

-14 °C

Evaporation rate:

Not determined

Flammability (solid, gas):

Not determined

Lower explosive limit:

1,5 Vol-%

Upper explosive limit:

12 Vol-%

Vapour pressure:

Not determined

Vapour density (air = 1):

Not determined

Density:

~0,99 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (20°C)

Bulk density:

n.a.

Solubility(ies):

Not determined

Water solubility:

Mixable

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):

Not determined

Auto-ignition temperature:

Not determined

Decomposition temperature:

Not determined

Viscosity:

3500 - 4500 mPas

Explosive properties:

Product is not explosive. When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.

Oxidising properties:

No

### 9.2 Other information

Miscibility:

Not determined

Fat solubility / solvent:

Not determined

Conductivity:

Not determined

Surface tension:

Not determined

Solvents content:

Not determined

Metal content:

Not determined

Molar mass:

Not determined

Chemical heat of combustion:

Not determined

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Can form explosive peroxides.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Oxygen in the presence of light (peroxide creation)

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Electrostatic charge

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classificati on according to calculation procedure.

<b>Tetrahydrofuran</b>						
Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	2050 - 2850	mg/k g	Rat	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	54	mg/l/ 4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	IUCLID Chem. Data Sheet (ESIS)	Irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAE L	9000	mg/k g	Rat	OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	No indications of such an effect.
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, chest pain (thorax pain), coughing, itching, headaches, ear noises, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, visual disturbance, nausea and vomiting.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAE L	1000		Rat	OECD 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	

<b>Acetone</b>						
Toxicity / effect	Endpo int	Value	Unit	Organis m	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	3000	mg/k g	Mouse		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	5800	mg/k g	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>15800	mg/k g	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	~76	mg/l/ 4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Guinea pig		Slightly irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizing
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, vomiting, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, fatigue, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea

Silica, amorphous						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>0,139	mg/l/4h	Rat		References, Maximum achievable concentration.
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant, References
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant, Mechanical irritation possible., References
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig		Not sensitizing
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Negative
Carcinogenicity:						No indications of such an effect.
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):						No indications of such an effect.
Symptoms:						eyes, reddened

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Tetrahydrofuran							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	48h	>2000	mg/l	Leuciscus idus	DIN 38412 T.15	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	382	mg/l	Daphnia magna	DIN 38412 T.11	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	IC50	8d	3700	mg/l	Scenedesmus quadricauda		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	39	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		0,45			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	References 25°C
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	16h	329	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC5	8d	225	mg/l	Microcystis aeruginosa		

Acetone							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	5540	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	7500	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	6100-12700	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	48h	4740	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	91	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		0,19				
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,24				
12.4. Mobility in soil:							No adsorption in soil.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	BOD/COD	16h	1700	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Other information:	BOD5		1900	mg/g			
Other information:	COD		2100	mg/g			
Other information:	AOX		0	%			

Poly vinyl chloride							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Not biodegradable

Silica, amorphous							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>10000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>10000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	>10000	mg/l		OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Abiotically degradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							Not to be expected
12.4. Mobility in soil:							Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)

08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.



E.g. suitable incineration plant.

Hardened product:

E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.

**For contaminated packing material**

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.

Empty container completely.

Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.

Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

Residues may present a risk of explosion.

15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

**SECTION 14: Transport information****General statements**

14.1. UN number: 1133

**Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)**

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

UN 1133 ADHESIVES

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

3

14.4. Packing group:

III

Classification code:

F1

LQ:

5 L

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Not applicable

Tunnel restriction code:

E

**Transport by sea (IMDG-code)**

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

ADHESIVES

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

3

14.4. Packing group:

III

EmS:

F-E, S-D

Marine Pollutant:

n.a

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Not applicable

**Transport by air (IATA)**

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

Adhesives

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

3

14.4. Packing group:

III

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Not applicable

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.

All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code**

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

Comply with special provisions.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection and the protection of young people at work!

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
P5c		5000	50000

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 763,4 g/l

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 77,11 %

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Revised sections:

2,16

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.

**Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):**

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Classification based on test data.
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H335	Classification according to calculation procedure.

**Carc. 2, H351**

Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation

Carc. — Carcinogenicity

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

**Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:**

AC	Article Categories
acc., acc. to	according, according to
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOEL	Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
AOX	Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx.	approximately
Art., Art. no.	Article number
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
BAM	Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA	Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BGV	Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)
BHT	Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)
BMGV	Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand
BSEF	Bromine Science and Environmental Forum
bw	body weight
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CEC	Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids
CESIO	Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques
CIPAC	Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR	carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
CTFA	Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association
DMEL	Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
DOC	Dissolved organic carbon
DT50	Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration
DVS	Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)
dw	dry weight
e.g.	for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EC	European Community
ECHA	European Chemicals Agency
EEA	European Economic Area
EEC	European Economic Community
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN	European Norms
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ERC	Environmental Release Categories
ES	Exposure scenario
etc.	et cetera
EU	European Union
EWG	European Waste Catalogue
Fax	Fax number
gen.	general
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP	Global warming potential
HET-CAM	Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
HGWP	Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	Intermediate Bulk Container
IBC (Code)	International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IC	Inhibitory concentration
IMDG-code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl.	including, inclusive
IUCLID	International Uniform Chemical Information Database
LC	lethal concentration
LC50	lethal concentration 50 percent kill
LCLo	lowest published lethal concentration
LD	Lethal Dose of a chemical
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% kill
LDLo	Lethal Dose Low
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
LOEC	Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
LOEL	Lowest Observed Effect Level
LQ	Limited Quantities
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a.	not applicable
n.av.	not available
n.c.	not checked
n.d.a.	no data available
NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
NOAEC	No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL	No Observed Effect Level
ODP	Ozone Depletion Potential
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org.	organic
PAH	polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PC	Chemical product category
PE	Polyethylene
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
POCP	Photochemical ozone creation potential
ppm	parts per million
PROC	Process category

(GB)

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COSMO SL-660.120  
COSMO SL-660.121  
COSMO SL-660.122

(COSMOFEN PLUS HV)  
(COSMOFEN PLUS weiß)

PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene  
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature  
SAR Structure Activity Relationship  
SU Sector of use  
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern  
Tel. Telephone  
ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand  
TOC Total organic carbon  
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)  
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods  
VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))  
VOC Volatile organic compounds  
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative  
WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).  
WHO World Health Organization  
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge. No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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